

Mining Legislation Database - Overview

The *Mining Legislation Database* manages your compliance obligations under the Coal Mining Safety and Health Regulation and Act.

The *Mining Legislation Database* provides:

- **Up to date** information about mining health and safety regulations.
- A facility to **allocate responsibilities** for each section of the legislation to relevant company personnel.
- A facility to **categorise all sections of the act** by applicable sections of the standard, and by document, process and vocation types.
- The ability to **link positions and personnel** with associated training, and these in turn with sections of the legislation.
- **Comprehensive search and filter facilities** to quickly locate legislation details and associated responsibilities.

The screenshot shows the web application interface for the Mining Legislation Database. The header includes the Mine Safety Institute of Australia logo and the text 'Queensland Mining Safety and Health Legislation'. The user is logged in as 'admin' and is connected to the 'Legislation Service'. The main content area displays a 'Legislation List' with a search bar and filters. The search results table is as follows:

Number	Sub	Title
43		Dealing with records and information about a person's fitness for work
44		Application of div 2
45		Appointment of nominated medical adviser
46		Health assessment
47		Employer's responsibility for health assessment
48		Reviewing health assessment report



Legislation Item Detail

Logged in as: admin | [logout](#)

Mine Safety Institute of Australia
Queensland Mining Safety and Health Legislation

You are connected to Legislation Service

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Legislation Details Coal Regulation 43

Section Code:	2.6.1.43	Coal Regulation	OMSHS:	
Chapter:	2	All coal mines	Corp. Standard:	
Part:	6	Fitness for work		
Division:	1	General		
Sub Division:				
Section:	43 Dealing with records and information about a person's fitness for work			
Applicable:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			

Process Type:			
Vocation Type:			
Document Type:			
Hazard			
Control			

Details:

The site senior executive must ensure information and records about a person's fitness for work obtained under sections 41 and 42 are— (a) used only for deciding the person's fitness for work at the mine; and (b) are destroyed— (i) for an employee of a regular contractor—18 months after the employee ceases to work at the mine; or (ii) for an employee of another contractor or coal mine operator—when the employee ceases to be employed by the other contractor or operator.

Standards and Guidance Linked Positions Documents Tags Notes

Documents Updates

Name	File Link	Notes
Either:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The application cannot connect to the web service. No data found. 		

100% Find | Next

Legislation Report

2.2.1.6 - Basic elements (Regulation)

A coal mine's safety and health management system must provide for the following basic elements—

- risk identification and assessment;
- hazard analysis;
- hazard management and control;
- reporting and recording relevant safety and health information and data.

2.2.1.7 - Keeping information and data on which risk assessment is based (Regulation)

The site senior executive must ensure a copy of each risk assessment for the mine, and information and data on which it was based, is kept at the mine until it is superseded or the hazard to which it relates is no longer at the mine.

2.2.1.8 - Notification of safety and health issues—generally (Regulation)

(1) A coal mine's safety and health management system must provide for effective notification to each person at the mine of the following matters—

- protocols for taking action in life threatening situations, Example— CPR protocols
- emergencies, and the location of known hazards, affecting the person's safety or health.

(2) The system must include provision for the following—

- giving the person immediate notification of matters relevant to the person's safety and health during coal mining operations, Example— a notification about slippery road conditions
- the prompt summoning of assistance in an emergency;
- assistance from external entities in an emergency;
- communicating with the external entities;
- access by inspectors to the external entities' contact details;
- access by an inspector in the district in which the mine is located to an emergency contact number for the mine;
- for a surface mine—giving notification of known hazards in and around a surface excavation, including areas where mining activities are taking place, to the open-cut examiner responsible for the excavation;
- for an underground mine—giving notification of known hazards in an ERZ to the ERZ controller for the zone.

2.2.2.10 - Developing standard operating procedures (Regulation)

(1) The site senior executive must ensure the following steps are taken in developing standard operating procedures for managing and controlling hazards at the mine—

- the site senior executive must consult with a cross-section of the mine's coal mine workers involved in carrying out a task under the proposed standard operating procedure to identify the hazards associated with the task and ways of controlling the hazards;
- the site senior executive must prepare a draft standard operating procedure and give a copy of it to the coal mine workers with whom the site senior executive consults.

Benefits of the Mining Legislation Database:

- Manages your compliance obligations under the Coal Mining Safety and Health Regulation and Act.
- Assists with the management of your mining legislation compliance via a web-based (24/7/anywhere) computerised system, making this obligation structured, readily available, timely, and organised.
- A dedicated system such as this focuses your company's attention on the objective of keeping people safe.